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Good white folks should be encouraged. Bad white folks should be condemned.

It is good to trust in God. Very often you get into such a close place that there is no one else to trust.

Colored people, as a rule are more united in action than are their leaders.

The talk about the colored people endorsing Hon. Henry Ford for President, when he is not even a candidate is amusing.

No matter how hard the times are, colored folks will find too much money for pleasure and too little money for business.

You cannot do business upon any large scale in this day and time unless you are prompt in paying back the money you borrow.

We have found that many people, we thought were not our friends have come forward with expressions of friendship. Troubles clarify, so to speak and enable one to find out conditions as they are.

Can one class of mechanics maintain high level salaries while other classes of mechanics are on the low level of salaries? This is the question that is causing unrest in the country at the present time.

The most prosperous business now seems to be the "boot-legging" business that is selling whiskey without a permit or a license. This prosperity however disappears quickly when the vendor finds himself in jail and his belongings sold by the sheriff.

President Warren G. Harding's last proposal to the striking shipmen is skillfully drawn, but while it delays the settling of the seniority provision, leads one under the impression that the Railroad Labor Board will be induced by presidential pressure to settle that question in favor of the striking shipmen.

We do not believe that colored people or white people either for that matter can afford to throw any aspersions upon the name of Abraham Lincoln. Well, nigh every family has its "skelton in the closet" and to drag it forth hinders rather than helps the individual engaging in such a practice.

It is gratifying information to learn that Col. Franklin A. Dennison of Illinois has been retired from active service with the rank of Brigadier-General. While there is no legitimate basis of comparison between the rank in the National Guard and that in the United States Army, it is an honor of which Col. Dennison and his friends should feel proud.

The Hon. Marcus Garvey has changed his presidential robes to conform to those of modern civilization as it is understood and he continues to provide over the great organization of which he is the official head. The parade in New York made a brilliant display, it being estimated that seven thousand of his loyal supporters were in line. The onslaughts made upon him and his supporters seems to have intensified the feeling of his followers, who now insist that their presi-

KU KLUX KLAN AND GARVEY.

We have read with interest the communication of Alderman George W. Harris as published recently in the New York World. This brilliant New Yorker is the Republican representative from the 21st (Harlem) District. We are disposed to publish in full his declarations and the reply of Hon. Marcus Garvey, who Alderman Harris so caustically attacks. In passing it may be well to state that Garvey gives Alderman Harris "a Roland for his Oliver." In the use of scathing denunciation and virulent attack, Marcus Garvey is a master. In this respect the reply is a gem of oratory.

As for Alderman Harris' attack, it will awaken a feeling of pride on the part of those, who were born in this country. It all came about from from Marcus Garvey's, conference with the Imperial Wizard of the Ku Klux Klan.

We have not been able to see any impropriety in such a conference unless it can be shown that the Hon. Marcus Garvey compromised himself and those, whom he represented by the attitude and by the concessions he made to this arch enemy of the American form of government. Living in the Southland and knowing the history of the Ku Klux Klan, we have absolutely nothing for this organization or its supporters to do.

It can maintain this organization if it will, but it should be made to abandon its masking robes and regalia. Let it come out in the open just as any other organization is required to do. Let this skulking business be stopped, and it may be that the Ku Klux Klan may redeem itself from the odium,

dent shall be upheld in all that he sees fit to do.

The outcome of the one month's meeting in New York is being watched with interest and much is to be determined before the session finally ends.

The Baltimore Afro-American published a good portrait of that veteran pulpit orator and churchman, Rev. Harvey Johnson, D. D. We find that we are behind the times, for we did not know that this celebrated divine had lost his "angel wife." Dr. Harvey Johnson left Wayland Seminary fifty years ago. He is nearly eighty years of age and from present indications will round out the hundred mark.

The Dyer Anti-lynching bill is now before the United States Senate, having been duly amended and made to conform to some of the objections made by some of its critics. That it will be passed at this session of the Congress is to be hoped and that it will tend to check the greatest evil of this or any other century is the wish of every law-abiding citizen in this land.

It is a significant fact that the "prince" of organizers, A. W. Lloyd of Missouri and that logician of logicians R. B. Barcus of Ohio, were both re-elected to the office of Grand Chancellor in their respective Grand Jurisdictions, Knights of Pythias. Both are outspoken in their condemnation of that Pythian Temple tax, the failure to pay which led to the attempt of revocation of the charter of the Grand Lodge, K. of P., of Virginia and which attempted revocation was followed by the granting of an injunction by the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia restoring the members of the Order in this State to all of their rights and privileges in the Order. We doff our hat and bow our head to the Grand Lodge of Missouri and to the Grand Lodge of Ohio.

The meeting of the Advisory Committee of the Republican Party of Virginia, with Mr. J. R. Pollard as chairman held a most satisfactory meeting at Bay Shore Hotel last Sunday and came to an understanding and agreement which was accepted, even by those, who did not at first think that the course adopted was the best one to pursue. The meaning of it all is that an effort will be made upon any honorable basis to harmonize the differences now existing between the organization represented by Mr. John J. Crupper, as chairman and the one, which represent primarily the rights and privileges of the colored people of this State.

It is understood to the point of a certainty that the administration at Washington has a definite plan for arriving at a basis of agreement upon this embarrassing race question. In line with the plan, the colored contingent is proceeding and should it not be accepted by the white element of the Republican Party, the issue will be presented to the national organization and a decision reached as to whether or not the alleged State Republican organization is above the National Organization and is not bound by its principles and precepts.

which now attaches itself to the organization. But we did not intend to comment upon the Ku Klux Klan. We have not been able to find out just the purpose of the interview or been able to ascertain just what results have been attained.

Both communications, however are in the nature of a literary treat, with which we shall endeavor at some future time to regale our readers. Mr. Garvey does not answer his critic directly as to the issue, but he renounces his goal by an indirect route. The analysis of the presence of Negroes with famous white men as servants, as menials is an unexpected method of answering this brilliant argument of the scholar, Alderman George Harris. What he says in this respect is true. It detracts from the achievements of some of our greatest men in history, but what remains after such a deduction is largely to the credit of the race with which the distinguished West Indian is identified.

By his argument, Hon. Marcus Garvey indirectly makes Toussaint and his like a demi-guard from a racial standpoint and puts that class high in the niche of fame. Still, there should be a generous appreciation of the great work and notable results attained by those Negroes, whose names have been cited from history by the distinguished Alderman of New York. We had hoped though that leaders of the George W. Harris type would let a leader of Marcus Garvey's admitted ability alone.

So far as we are able to see and hear, it is time for us, one and all to "turn our guns on the enemy."

JIM CHAMBERS.

We have read with interest the extracts from the sermon of the brilliant Rev. C. P. Madison, pastor of the Calvary Baptist Church as published in the Norfolk, Va., Journal and Guide. It rings true. Still, we admire much in the life and character of this "king" of boot-leggers. He pled an illegal trade and he sold his life as dearly as possible. He was no hypocrite. He was a plain out-law, an "every-day devil," that's all. When he killed two white men, officers of the law, he knew that this time had come. He "died with his boots on" and he won the respect of his captors and slayers in so doing. He had but one life to give and he paid this as a forfeit.

This squared the account against him. Just why his remains were carried to church will be a question. A quiet funeral would have been more appropriate. Whether he went to hell or heaven is not a debatable question. He has gone from this world. He did not tell on his friends. Had he done so, no doubt, some white folks would have become involved in the disclosures, for colored men of this type work best as the agents of white folks. They are true to them and they will live up to their promises.

We would to God that Jim Chambers had died fighting for the protection of his own home and his own family, instead of the out-lawed whiskey traffic. Dr. Madison says that Norfolk is virtually the home of stills. We presume that he makes this statement upon hearsay evidence. It may be that the homes visited by him affect his sense of smell and he knows that smell of corn liquor. One thing we believe and that is that the drastic liquor law has increased the whiskey business in stead of decreasing it.

Well meaning fanatics have defeated the purpose of their favorite times and fanes time and time again and this whiskey crusade is no exception. Liquor can better be controlled by conservative legislation than it can be eliminated by drastic treatment. Jim Chambers is dead, but there are more Jim Chambers and they are awaiting the time when they too will go the "way of all the earth" just as Jim Chambers has gone.

GLAD BANK WILL RESUME.

(Louisville, Ky., American Baptist.) The news which was sent out from Richmond, Va., a week ago that the Mechanics Savings Bank had failed was premature and President John Mitchell, Jr., announces that the matter was rather a technical difference of opinion with the State Bank Inspector, which has since been adjusted and that ample assistance has been provided to meet all obligations and the Bank will resume operation, just as soon as the objection raised by the Banking laws have been removed. It is very encouraging to note that the financial aid necessary was promptly furnished by strong financial institutions and individuals and as soon as the assets of the Bank were inspected and found to be solvent. This has no doubt been complied with and the bank has resumed operation before this time. This is a decided compliment to Mr. John Mitchell, Jr., and his associates and we congratulate them upon their successful arrangement of affairs to continue the operation of the Mechanics Bank which has made such a splendid record among the strong financial institutions of the country.

SLAYER OF DR. BROWN IS SENTENCED

Was Mysteriously Slain Several Months Ago—Strange Testimony Given.

Washington, D. C., July 28.—A trial which promised for the first two days to be an ordinary, dull, dull drab of tiresome and drawn-out detail, suddenly flared lurid red in sensation, when on the afternoon of the third day in Criminal Court No. 1, Chief Justice McCoy presiding, James A. Phanzo Frye, a slim, angular youth in his twenties on trial for first degree murder in connection with the killing of Dr. Robert L. Brown took the stand.

FRYE ON STAND.

After drinking a glass of water handed him by the bailiff, Frye made a statement in which he claimed that on the Wednesday following the murder of Dr. Brown, he and Dr. John R. Francis, Jr., got into an automobile and went to Southwest Washington, where Francis purchased cocaine and gin and from whence they returned to Dr. Francis' office in the Southern Aid building, (corner of Seventh and T. streets, Northwest) There Frye said he got to "feeling good drinking the gin," while Dr. Francis after "getting high" confessed to him that he (Francis) had killed Dr. Brown, giving the details as to how the climax of murder came after a failure to extort money from the slain man through a blackmail threat.

MURDER RECALLED

The killing of Dr. Robert L. Brown, wealthy Race physician and president of the National Benefit Life Insurance company took place at his late residence, 1739 11th street, Northwest, in the early part of the night of Saturday, November 27, 1920. The Brown home was filled with a gay and happy house party which was gathered incident upon the Lincoln-Howard football classic, and the social festivities contemporaneous with a Washington Thanksgiving season, and while the guests and the doctor's two daughters were upstairs, dressing for a party, their shouts of laughter and bandying of conversation were suddenly broken into by the ringing out of revolver shots on the first floor. Stunned and stupefied, some in the house rushed to the ground floor and there found the remains of the doctor, with his head in a pool of blood, lying diagonally across the hall in front of the open door which led into the street. Such was the news that met the ears of awed race citizens of the nation's capital and there, and heard related with bated breath the tragedy on the gloomy Sunday morning after the night of destruction.

No trace of Dr. Brown's slayer could be found. It was as if the earth had swallowed him. The entire police department and detective force was at sea. Then it was that in order to sum up the case, the Lincoln-Howard party, or parties, the company offered a \$500 reward and another one of the same amount was offered by the family for the apprehension of the slayer. Despite this, however no arrest was made until August 1921.

WANTED REWARD.

Now a return to the trial proper is necessary for understanding. Dr. John R. Francis, who has been an advertising dentist and who is said to have gained considerable notoriety through his appearance as informing witness in more than one trial in which black mail charges have been raised, gave the key in his testimony. Frye claimed that when Frye was arrested in August 1921, on a robbery charge, he confided to him (Francis) that he (Frye) did not fear the robbery charge, but rather was afraid that the Brown murder might be fixed on him. Francis then, according to his own testimony gave the information that led to the fastening of this crime on Frye. This, too, was further corroborated by the testimony of Charles Bee, 942 S. street Northwest, guardian of the Brown estate who stated that Detective Paul Jones called to see him and informed him that the information leading to the apprehension of Frye had come through a professional man and that although he (Jones) could not accept rewards, he felt that it should go to this professional man.

The prosecution based its case against Frye on a written confession made and signed by the culprit at the office of Inspector Grant about a week after arrest. It also established its contention further through the introduction of Detective Paul Jones and Detective Sergeant Jackson. Dr. John R. Francis, Dr. Robert B. Wilson and Charles Lee all of whom said that Frye admitted his guilt to each of them.

PROMISES MADE FRYE.

The defense, in reply, maintained that Frye had made his confession of murder in view of certain promises made him to the effect that other charges would be dropped, and that the murder confession would thereafter be discredited, although the reward would be collected, part of which Frye was to receive. To this plan, Frye claimed a detective and Dr. John Francis were parties. The prosecution further introduced Dr. Julian Jackson of Norfolk, Va., who claimed that he admitted the murderer to the house the night the killing took place and that he also saw him as he ran out of the house and down the alley way after the killing, in addition to himself being the object of a shot. He identified Frye as the same man.

Another material witness was Dr. Robinson, who testified that Frye was the same man who met him on the steps and entered the house, allowing him to go first into Dr. Brown's office the night of the murder. He further stated that Frye was outside in the waiting room when he (Robinson) left the doctor's. An attempt was made by the defense to establish an alibi

showing that Frye on the night of the murder, was at 7 Q street Northwest in company with a Miss Marion L. Cox, but insufficiency of evidence and testimony made this a weak attempt.

OVERRULES LIE TEST.

In their efforts to leave no stone unturned to save Frye, his attorneys, Mattingly and Wood endeavored on the last day of the trial to introduce Dr. William M. Marston, American University, and his sphigmometer or scientific device for detecting lying through the blood pressure of the subject it is tried upon. Attorney Mattingly argued valiantly, claiming that it was as scientific a device as were fingerprint systems and alienists' testimony, and though it was relatively new, a beginning had to be made in all things. He was overruled at every point by Justice McCoy.

Assistant District Attorney Bilbery, who conducted the prosecution, was most scathing in his closing attack upon Frye. He referred to the defendant as "the most colossal liar that has ever appeared in court," and asked for a verdict of first degree murder. Attorney Mattingly of the firm of Mattingly and Wood closed for the defense and struck out strong when in reply to the claim of the prosecutor that because Francis was a doctor he was necessarily respectable and had high standing, he said to the jury. Mr. Bilbery has spoken to you about the standing of the witnesses, but I want to tell you the Dr. Francis is nothing but a slick crook."

SECOND DEGREE VERDICT.

The jury, after receiving the charge of Chief Justice McCoy retired for an hour and a half, at the end of which time a verdict of guilty of second degree murder was returned against the defendant. The penalty for this in the district is from 20 years to life imprisonment.

THOMPSON LEADS OHIO CANDIDATES FOR GOVERNORSHIP.

Harding Administration and Anti-Saloon League Man in Front.

FEES IS REPUBLICAN SENATORIAL CHOICE.

Pomerene Appears to Have Been Nominated Again for Upper House.

REPUBLICANS POLL A BIG VOTE

Columbus Ohio, Aug. 8.—The nomination of Carmel A. Thompson, of Cleveland, the Harding administration and Anti-Saloon League candidate as the Republican nominee for Governor was indicated on the face of unofficial returns tonight from 938 precincts out of approximately 9,000 in the State and representing sixty-nine of the eighty-eight counties. On these returns Thompson was maintaining a lead of more than two to one over his nearest competitor, and was leading in all but a few of the counties heard from.

Thompson's nearest opponent in the nine-cornered race was C. Homer Durand, of Coshocton, the beer and light wine candidate. Congressman Charles L. Knight, of Akron who campaigned as a Roosevelt progressive was running third and Secretary of State Harvey C. Smith was fourth on these returns.

TWO BIG ISSUES IN RACE

The Republican gubernatorial race developed the two main issues of the campaign—wet and dry and progressivism within the party.

BISHOPS WIDOW HURT IN AUTO SMASH UP.

Mrs. Wesley J. Gaines, widow of a well-known bishop of the African Methodist Episcopal Church and Mrs. Minnie L. Gaines, wife of Rev. A. L. Gaines were painfully injured when the limousine in which they were riding was struck by a machine, owned and operated by J. J. Lyles, white at Frederick Road and Ingleside Avenue last Friday night.

Plying glass cut the face of the aged widow of the bishop, three stitches having to be taken therein. The wife of the minister was thrown against the side of the car, hurting her right side. The chauffeur, Fred Wise escaped unhurt.

The ladies were rushed to a nearby physician for first aid by Mr. Lyles and afterwards taken by him to their home 1522 McCulloch street, where Dr. J. G. McEae was summoned. Mr. Lyles then went after Dr. Gaines who was at a meeting of the official board of Trinity A. M. E. Church and notified him of the accident.

"Moonshine" the season's successful musical play starring Billy King and his 40 bootleggers which will be seen at the Rayo Theatre the entire week of August 14th, comes direct from its record-breaking engagement at the La Fayette Theatre, New York, with the same original cast that set a new era for colored shows on Broadway.

DR. MADISON EXECRATES NORFOLK IN CHAMBERS FUNERAL EULOGY.

SAYS "STILLS" FLOURISH AND MOONSHINE IS IN EVIDENCE.

(Norfolk Journal and Guide.) The body of Jim Chambers, the fugitive who chose death from the gunfire of a posse of officers last Friday morning rather than surrender to the law to answer a charge of murdering two prohibition officers, lay encaused in a grey casket at the foot of the rostrum of Second Calvary Baptist church last Tuesday afternoon while a crowd of three thousand persons tried to wedge in the church to hear Dr. Madison preach the funeral of the unfortunate man.

The crowd jammed until the church doors had to be closed to further admission.

NO MOURNERS.

Promptly at 2 o'clock the extremely simple funeral cortege moved off from Roberts and Roberts undertaking parlor. A black hearse, a hack containing the pallbearers secured by the undertaker, and a second hack bearing not a single person made up the procession that moved towards the church, just two blocks away while on the sidewalks a murmuring crowd stood agape at a funeral cortege with no mourners.

Morbid curiosity had brought out thousands to hear what the plinist, might say in funeralizing a man who defied the laws of God and Country even unto death.

DR. MADISON'S TEXT.

Dr. Madison did not disappoint. He sensed the curiosity among his audience and felt the responsibility of his task. At the outset he announced that his sermon would be addressed to Norfolk and the presence of Jim Chambers' body would be recognized only as it might serve as an example to illustrate his points.

The minister chose his text from the 6th chapter of Galatians, 7th verse using the following words, "Be not deceived, God is not mocked. Whatsoever a man soweth that shall he reap."

At this point, looking down at the empty seats reserved for mourners, Dr. Madison delivered a scathing denunciation of the people who had lived and followed Chambers in his life of legal trade and yet had not the nerve or respect to follow a friend to his bier, declaring, "A man with whom I live and associate I will follow to his last resting place."

Here the minister launched into his sermon and for three-quarters of an hour delivered a scorching barrage of dancing, bootlegging and immorality in the city of Norfolk. "I can go out here and find a still within a block of this church," he declared, "I'll wager that if the authorities go and search every house from Princess Anne avenue to Queen street on Church street, they will find more stills than they found in those two hundred homes searched in Titustown," came from the minister. "There are more Jim Chambers in Norfolk and some of them are under the sound of my voice. You are sowing in the dark but you will reap in the light," averred the pastor. Dr. Madison with fervor implored his hearers to take a lesson from the incidents in the life Jim Chambers.

He paused amidst his sermon to pay a compliment to the officers for ceasing to fire after bringing down the fugitive, and for delivering his body to a colored undertaker for a Christian burial, remarking that there are communities in this country where no legal trade for the law would have been shown. But the man who questioned the reasonableness of the objection of A. T. Stroud to the bringing of the body of a dead man to Titustown for funeral services.

The preacher declared that he did not and could not approve of bootlegging, but he was sorry that Jim Chambers did not live long enough to see all he probably knew. And here he stressed his subject, "Whatsoever a man soweth that shall he reap," and those who have sowed with Chambers will also reap their sowings.

FINE HOMES AND BAD MANNERS.

Dr. Madison told his hearers that some of them were living in fine homes that harbored all sorts of vice and immorality. He characterized this as sowing in the dark that which will be reaped in the light.

The minister closed his sermon with a fervent prayer for the purgation of Norfolk and asked the congregation to render what aid it could to the widow, not in the spirit of approval of crime, but because they are charged to render Christian succor to all distressed humanity.

After the services the simple procession started on its march to Calvary Cemetery with no one to shed a tear at the grave.

WIFE IN JAIL.

Mrs. Annie Chambers, the wife of Jim Chambers who was arrested at the time her husband shot the officers and charged with being an accessory to murder, is still confined in the county jail. Rev. Madison tried to secure her the privilege of attending the funeral under guard but this was denied.

The horse and buggy of undertaker Smith of Titustown, who had direct charge of the funeral, was stolen while he was in the church.

THE PLANET
Umbrella Coupon
GOOD FOR FIVE VOTES.

FIRST MT. OLIVE NOTES.

Newtown, Va., Aug. 8.—Rev. W. J. Moss of Providence, R. I., spent last Monday night in the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Harvey.

Mr. George Johnson died last Friday. The funeral was conducted by the pastor assisted by Rev. G. F. Holmes.

Mrs. Mattie Pollard of Washington Mrs. Florence Mitchell of Philadelphia and Mr. Thomas Dabney of Washington were called home a few days ago because of their mother's illness, Mrs. Lucy Dabney.

Mrs. R. N. Lawson and Little Walter are spending a few days with her mother in Spotsylvania County.

Misses Ella and Sallie Broadas returned from Washington last Sunday.

Mrs. Annie Roane is still quite sick.

The revival services will begin at Mt. Olive next Sunday.

WYTHEVILLE (VA.) NOTES.

Wytheville, Va., Aug. 7.—Services at Bethel A. M. E. church were well attended Sunday morning and evening. The sermon delivered by the pastor, Rev. G. O. King, D. D., was indeed a good one, as attested by the large congregation.

The pastor of the Franklin Street M. E. church, Rev. W. W. Ward is doing great work, this being his first year. The grand rally just closed resulted in \$751.24 being raised. Governor E. Lee Trinkle and wife were present. He made an excellent speech.

Rev. L. B. Alston of the Baptist Church is taking his vacation on the Eastern Shore.

Mrs. Dr. Tarter and Mrs. Clyde Perry of Cleveland Ohio; Mrs. A. E. W. Bassette Sr., and Mrs. A. E. W. Bassette Jr., and children of Hampton Va. are visiting at the home of Mrs. R. V. Perry's.

Mrs. Roy Johnson of Columbus Ohio is visiting her mother on Monroe St. Mrs. Mary Martin.

Mrs. Phoebe Scruggs of Baltimore, is visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. Willie Williams of Bluefield, W. Va., is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Harper, Franklin, Va.

Rev. T. W. Hebron is attending the Eastern Star Lodge at Hampton, Va. She will be the guest of her sister Mrs. C. J. Williams.

Mr. W. H. Steptean of Gilliam, W. Va., is the guest of his family on East Spring street.

Mrs. Emma Chapman keeps quite ill at the home of her son, Mr. C. H. Chapman.

Mr. R. Alex Steptean of Clarkburg, W. Va., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Steptean on East Spring street.

YOUNG BALLARD DROWNS

Frightened at Frantic Efforts to Save Self, Companions Plee—Body Is Recovered.

Seized with cramps while attempting to regain shore, Willie Ballard, 15-year-old colored boy, 11 West Charity street, was drowned in James River, west of Mayo Island, yesterday afternoon.

After making several attempts to rescue him, comrades are said to have become frightened at the desperate efforts of the stricken hither to save himself and fled from the scene. White boys foraging across the Island informed police they met several colored bathers running from the scene, who told them that their comrade was drowning. On reaching the scene they said the boys pointed to where Ballard had gone down. Police were notified and the body was recovered a few feet from shore. After the coroner had viewed the body it was removed to a local undertaker's parlors. (Richmond Times-Dispatch, Aug. 8.)

N. E. FEDERATION OF WOMEN'S CLUBS WILL MEET IN WASHINGTON.

The North Eastern Federation of Women's Clubs will meet in Washington, August 14th to 17th. All club women are cordially invited.

Miss Elizabeth C. Carter, President of Federation; Mrs. Marie Madrea Marshall, President Dist. Col. Fed.

PUT CORPSE IN JAIL.

Hot Springs, Ark., Aug. 2.—Charged with burglary and murder of a white man, Gilbert Harris aged 28, was taken from jail by a mob and lynched yesterday.

A mob of citizens gathered at the City Jail at 8 A. M. and grew in numbers until Circuit Judge Scott, Wood and Mayor Harris Jones pleaded for law to take its course. The jail was locked and barred. The mob entered the jail through the City Hall in the basement of which the jail is located. Descending the stairway and bringing with guns, the crowd held the police back and took Harris on a truck to the triangle in front of the Como Hotel, a downtown centre.

Harris was told to confess but he refused. He was strung to a pole while the crowd cheered. The body was suspended for thirty minutes. An ambulance that appeared to take the body was chased away. A movement to drag the body through the street was stopped by the police. No shots were fired. The body was taken by the crowd, with a rope around the neck, to the jail and placed in a cell.

No official action against the lynchers is expected. (Afro-American, Baltimore, Md., Aug. 4, 1922.)